

#### Global Risk Identification Program

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#### Outline

- A brief introduction to GRIP
- Information management within GRIP
- Key functions of GRIP portals
- Main Challenges
- Current status
- An example



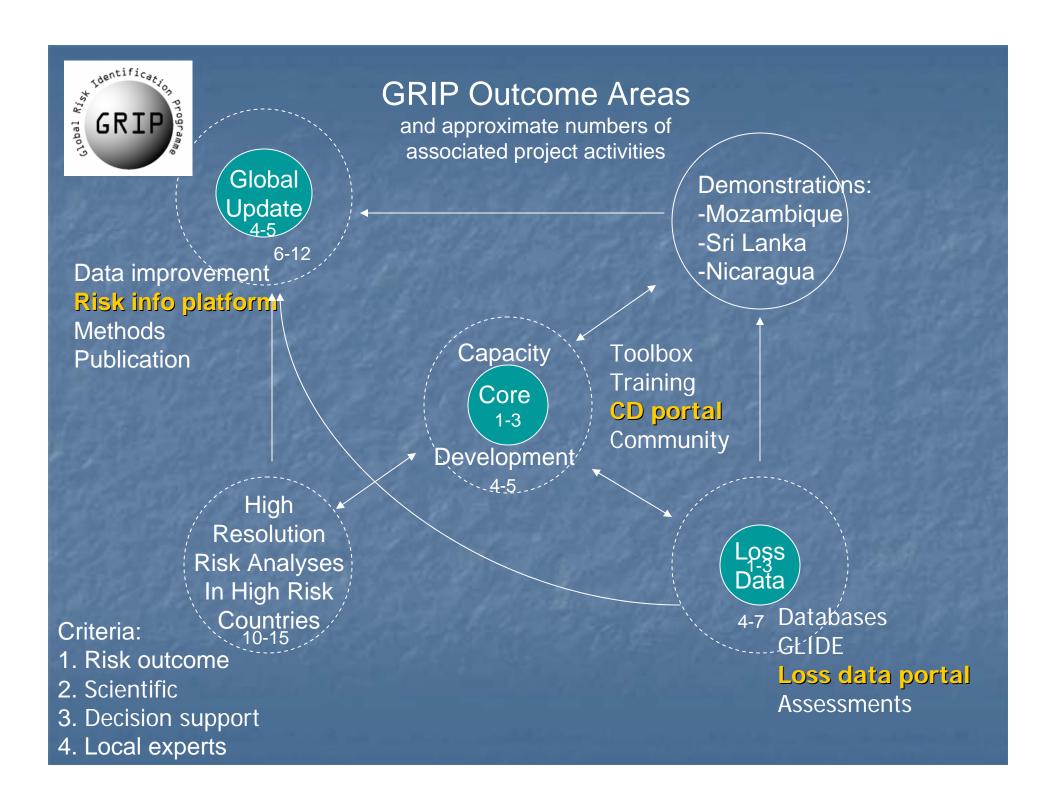
### GRIP Goals and Objectives

#### Goal:

<u>reduced natural hazard-related losses</u> in high risk areas to promote sustainable development (besides saving lives)

#### Objectives:

- improved evidence base for disaster risk management
- increased <u>adoption of risk evidence in disaster</u> <u>risk management and development processes</u>





### Key Functions

- Depositories of information
  - Existing and New Information
- Working areas
  - Analysis, integration
- Laboratories for knowledge generation
  - Standards, methodologies, manuals

Working Platforms – Virtual Laboratories

# apacity Development Portal

- Risk Assessment toolbox
  - Scale

Identification

- Application
- Training Modules
  - Technical
  - Policy making
- Knowledge generation (Community of Practice)
  - Standards
  - Manuals
  - Guidelines



#### Disaster Loss Data Portal

- Compilation of existing and new databases
  - National, regional, global
- Integration
  - Compatibility, formats, quality control
- Analysis
  - Applications, interpretations, knowledge generation
- Accessibility
  - Potential users identification, presentation, security issues



#### Risk Information Portal

- Compilation
  - Local, sub-national, national, regional, global
- Integration
  - Compatibility, standards, formats, security issues
- Analysis
  - Interpretation, cross-cutting issues, knowledge generation
- Accessibility and dissemination

Global Risk Update – Beginning 2009 → biannual publication



### Users and Access Rights

- General Public First level of Access
  - General information
  - Program results and findings
  - Educational and awareness raising materials
- Specialists Second level of Access
  - Capacity building
  - Databases
  - Community of Practice
- Working group Third level of Access
  - Data manipulation (analysis and interpretation)
  - Knowledge generation



### Main Challenges

- Coordination
  - Many people, institutions, governments involved
- Integration
  - Standards
  - Formats
  - quality control
  - language,
  - security issues
  - proper accreditation



## Main Challenges (cont.)

- Accessibility and dissemination
  - Homogeneity → not patch work
  - Effective searching tools
  - Outreach strategies
  - Maintenance and sustainability



#### Current status

- Preparatory phase completed in October 2006
  - 1-year duration
  - Funded by Swiss Govt., ProVention, UNDP
  - Guidance from Program Steering Committee
  - Coordination team: UNDP, UNEP
  - Development of partnerships and basic structure
- Implementation:
  - Fund raising campaign → US\$ 4.2 million so far
  - Work has started in all outcome areas
  - The GRIP website is ready → Gate to all portals



### Steering Committee

- ProVention Consortium (Chair)
- United Nations Development Program
- Swiss Agency for Development Cooperation
- UK Department for International Development
- Norwegian Ministry for Foreign Affairs
- U.S. Agency for International Development
- Cabinet Office, Government of Japan
- World Bank
- Inter-American Development Bank
- Munich Reinsurance Foundation
- International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies
- Secretariat of the International Strategy for Disaster Reduction

# Selected Implementing Partners

	ADRC	Asian Disaster Reduction Center
	CHRR	Center for Hazard and Risk Research, Columbia University
•	CICESE	Centro de Investigacion Cientifica y de Educacion Superior de Ensenada
•	CIESIN	Center for International Earth Science Information Network, Columbia University
	COPASA	Cooperacion Peruano Aleman de Seguridad Alimentaria
	CRED	Center for Research on the Epidemiology of Disasters
	DMC	Disaster Management Center of Sri Lanka
	DRC	Disaster Recovery Center of Vietnam
	ECLAC	Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean
	ESCAP	Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific
	GTZ	Gesellschaft fur Technische Zusammenarbeit
•	INAM	National Meteorological Service of Mozambique

INGC

National Disaster Management Institute of Mozambique

### Selected Implementing Partners

IRI International Research Institute for Climate and Society,

Columbia University

IRP International Recovery Platform

ISDR International Strategy for Disaster Reduction Secretariat

NGI Norwegian Geo-technical Institute

NSET National Society for Earthquake Technology in Nepal

SINAPRED Executive Secretariat of the National System for Disaster

Prevention, Nicaragua

UNDMTP United Nations Disaster Management Training Program

UNDP United Nations Development Program

UNEP United Nations Environment Program

USGS
U.S. Geological Survey

WB World Bank

Identification

WBI World Bank Institute

WMO World Meteorological Organization



### Some GRIP Countries



The GRIP Countries

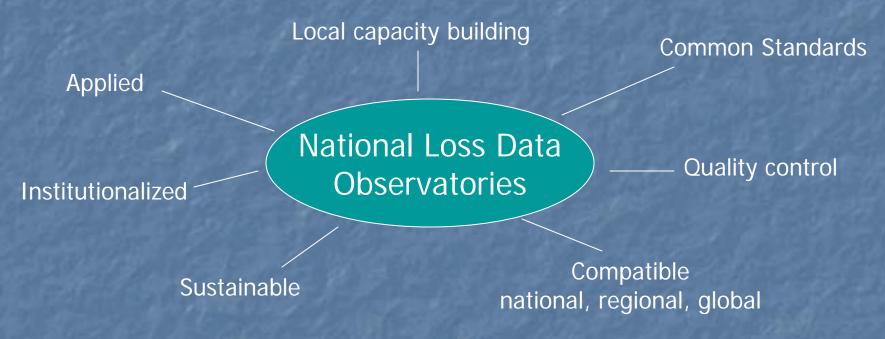


#### National Loss Data Observatories

- The situation
  - No systematic collection of disaster loss data
  - Valuable information is lost
  - No way to determine long-term impact on development
  - No way to understand risk-change trends
  - No way to determine vulnerabilities of local structures, infrastructure, society
  - No way to learn from the past



#### National Loss Data Observatories



#### Work has started:

- 10 countries in Asia
- In 1.5 years of work, disaster loss data for the last 30 years collected
- July meeting in Bangkok → 8 clinics → Regional integration

GOALS: 5 years → 50 countries

Long-term: all countries, regional, global